### Features

- · Ultra-Fast, 6ns Propagation Delay
- 1.3mA (Typ) Low Power Consumption
- Single-Supply Operation from +2.7V ~ +5.5V
- Low Offset Voltage: 3mV (Max)
- · Rail-to-Rail Input and Output
- · CMOS/TTL-Compatible Output

- Internal Hysteresis for Clean Switching
- No Phase Reversal for Overdriven Inputs
- Operating Temperature: -40°C ~ +85°C
- · Small Package:
- GS8744 Available in SOT23-5 and SC70-5 Packages

### **General Description**

The GS8744 is low-power, ultra-high-speed comparators with internal hysteresis, optimized for systems powered from a 3V or 5V supply. The device features high-speed response, low-power consumption, low offset voltage, and rail-to-rail input and output range. Propagation delay is 6ns (100mV overdrive), while supply current is 1.3mA per comparator. The internal input hysteresis eliminates output switching due to internal input noise voltage. The maximum input offset voltage is 5mV, and the operating range is from 2.7V to 5.5V.

All devices are specified for the temperature range of -40  $^{\circ}$ C to +85  $^{\circ}$ C. The GS8744 single is available in Green SC70-5 and SOT23-5 packages.

## Applications

- High-speed Line or Digital Line Receivers
- High Speed Sampling Circuits
- · Peak and Zero-crossing Detectors
- Logic Level Shifting or Translation

- Clock and Data Signal Restoration
- Window Comparators
- IR Receivers
- Portable Systems

### **Pin Configuration**



Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram







GS8744

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Condition	Min	Max		
Power Supply Voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> to Vss)	-0.5V	+7.5V		
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)	Vss-0.5V	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5V		
PDB Input Voltage	Vss-0.5V	+7V		
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C	+85°C		
Junction Temperature	+16	50°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C	+150°C		
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+26	50°C		
Package Thermal Resistance (T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C)	·			
SOT23-5, θ <sub>JA</sub>	190	°C/W		
SOT23-6, θ <sub>JA</sub>	190	190°C/W		
SC70-5, θ <sub>JA</sub>	333	333°C/W		
ESD Susceptibility				
НВМ	4	4KV		
MM	30	300V		

**Note:** Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

### Package/Ordering Information

MODEL	CHANNEL	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE OPTION	MARKING INFORMATION
		GS8744-CR	SC70-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8744
GS8744	Single	GS8744-TR	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8744







## **Electrical Characteristics**

## (At Vs = +5V, Vcm = 0V, CL = 15pF, and TA = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	SYMBOL CONDITIONS				
		TYP	MIN	MAX	UNITS	
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	$V_{CM} = 0V$	0.4		5	mV
Input Bias Current	IB		6			pА
Input Offset Current	I <sub>os</sub>		4			pА
Input Hysteresis	V <sub>hys</sub>		3			mV
Common-Mode Voltage Range	V <sub>CM</sub>	V <sub>S</sub> = 5.5V	-0.1 to +5.6			V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{S} = 5V, V_{CM} = 0V \text{ to } 5V$	77	60		dB
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Maltana Output from Dall	V <sub>OH</sub>		Vs - 0.166		Vs - 0.25	V
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	V <sub>OL</sub>	Vs=5V, I <sub>O</sub> = 4mA	132		211	mV
	ISOURCE		42.6	30		mA
Output Short-Circuit Current	I <sub>SINK</sub>	$V_{\rm S} = 5V$ , Out to $V_{\rm S}/2$	43.7	31		
POWER SUPPLY						
			2.7			V
Operating Voltage Range			5.5			V
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{\rm S}$ = +2.7V to +5.5V, $V_{\rm CM}$ = 0V	74	58		dB
Quiescent Current / Comparator	Ι <sub>Q</sub>		1.3			mA
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE (CL	= 15pF)					
	T <sub>dLH</sub>	$V_{S} = 3V$ , Overdrive = 10mV	11			ns
Propagation Delay (Low to High)		V <sub>S</sub> = 3V, Overdrive = 100mV	6			ns
	T <sub>dHL</sub>	V <sub>S</sub> = 3V, Overdrive = 10mV	11			ns
Propagation Delay (High to Low)		V <sub>S</sub> = 3V, Overdrive = 100mV	6			ns
Rise Time	Tr	V <sub>S</sub> = 3V, Overdrive = 10mV	3.6			ns
		$V_{S} = 3V$ , Overdrive = 100mV	3.5			ns
	T <sub>f</sub>	$V_{S} = 3V$ , Overdrive = 10mV	3.1			ns
Fall Time		V <sub>S</sub> = 3V, Overdrive = 100mV	3			ns







## **Typical Performance characteristics**





Output Short-Circuit (Source) Current vs. Temperature



Small Signal Inverting Pulse Response



l<sub>sink</sub>(5mA/div)



Progation Delay (L-H&H-L)



Time(50ns/div)





Vour(1V/div) VIN(25mV/div)



## **Application Note**

#### Size

GS8744 comparator is low-power, ultra-high-speed and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the GS8744 package saves space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products. The GS8744 interfaces directly to CMOS and TTL logics.

#### Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

GS8744 operates from a single 2.7V to 5.5V supply or dual ±1.35V to ±2.75V supplies. For best performance, a 0.1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the V<sub>DD</sub> pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both V<sub>DD</sub> and V<sub>SS</sub> supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 0.1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitors.

#### Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical 1.3mA per channel) of GS8744 will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems.

#### **Operating Voltage**

GS8744 operates under wide input supply voltage (2.7V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -40 °C to +85 °C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-Ion battery lifetime

#### Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of GS8744 extends 100mV beyond the supply rails ( $V_{SS}$ -0.1V to  $V_{DD}$ +0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

#### **Internal Hysteresis**

Because of noise or undesired parasitic feedback, high-speed comparators oscillate in the linear region. Oscillation tends to occur when the voltage on one input is at or equal to the voltage on the other input. The SGM8744 family eliminates this undesired oscillation by integrating an internal hysteresis of 5mV.

The hysteresis in a comparator creates two trip points: one for the rising input voltage and one for the falling input voltage (Figure 2). The difference between two trip points is the hysteresis, while the average of two trip points is the offset voltage. When the comparator's input voltages are equal, the hysteresis effectively causes one comparator input voltage to move quickly past the other, thus taking the input out of the region where oscillation occurs.



Figure 2. Comparator's hysteresis and offset

#### **External Hysteresis**

Greater flexibility in selecting hysteresis is achieved by using external resistors. Hysteresis reduces output chattering when one input is slowly moving past the other.







# GS8744

#### Non-Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis



Figure 3. Non-Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis

A non-inverting comparator with hysteresis requires a two-resistor network, as shown in Figure 3 and a voltage reference ( $V_R$ ) at the inverting input.

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{TH}} &= \frac{R_{\mathrm{G}} + R_{\mathrm{F}}}{R_{\mathrm{F}}} \land \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{R}} \\ \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{TL}} &= \frac{R_{\mathrm{G}} + R_{\mathrm{F}}}{R_{\mathrm{F}}} \land \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{R}} - \frac{R_{\mathrm{G}}}{R_{\mathrm{F}}} \land \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \\ \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{HYS}} &= \frac{R_{\mathrm{G}}}{R_{\mathrm{F}}} \land \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \end{aligned}$$

#### Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis



Figure 4. Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis

The inverting comparator with hysteresis requires a three-resistor network that is referenced to the comparator supply voltage  $(V_{DD})$ , as shown in Figure 4.

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{TH}} &= \frac{R_{\mathrm{G2}}}{R_{\mathrm{G1}} \parallel R_{\mathrm{F}} + R_{\mathrm{G2}}} \text{ '} \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \\ \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{TL}} &= \frac{R_{\mathrm{G2}} \parallel R_{\mathrm{F}}}{R_{\mathrm{G2}} \parallel R_{\mathrm{F}} + R_{\mathrm{G1}}} \text{ '} \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \\ \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{HYS}} &= \frac{R_{\mathrm{G1}} \parallel R_{\mathrm{G2}}}{R_{\mathrm{G1}} \parallel R_{\mathrm{G2}} + R_{\mathrm{F}}} \text{ '} \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \end{split}$$







## **Typical Application Circuits**

#### Line Receiver

A Line Receiver using GS8744 is shown in Figure 5. Resistors  $R_{G1}$  and  $R_{G2}$  set the bias point at the comparator's inverting input.  $R_{IN}$  should be same as  $R_{G1}||R_{G2}$  to get a better match. GS8744 detects the voltage of the Coax Line, and outputs logic high or logic low quickly with no glitch.



Figure 5. Line Receiver

#### **IR Receiver**

GS8744 is an ideal candidate to be used as an infrared receiver shown in Figure 6. The infrared photo diode creates a current relative to the amount of infrared light present. The current creates a voltage across  $R_{IN}$ . When this voltage level cross the voltage applied by the voltage divider to the inverting input, the output transitions. Optional  $R_F$  provides additional hysteresis for noise immunity.



Figure 6. IR Receiver







# **GS8744**

#### Oscillator

A oscillator using GS8744 is shown in Figure 7. Resistors  $R_{G1}$  and  $R_{G2}$  set the bias point at the comparator's inverting input. The period of oscillator is set by the time constant of  $R_{C}$  and  $C_{IN}$ . The maximum frequency is limited by the large signal propagation delay of the comparator. GS8744 is low propagation delay guarantees the high frequency oscillation. If  $R_{G1}=R_{G2}=R_{F}$ , then the frequency of the oscillator is:





Figure 7. Oscillator







# Package Information

SOT23-5



Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches		
MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049	
0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045	
0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020	
0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008	
2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119	
1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067	
2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116	
0.950 BSC		0.037 BSC		
1.900 BSC		0.075 BSC		
0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024	
0°	8°	0°	8°	
	In Mill MIN 1.050 0.000 1.050 0.300 0.100 2.820 1.500 2.650 0.950 1.900 0.300	In Millimeters   MIN MAX   1.050 1.250   0.000 0.100   1.050 1.150   0.300 0.500   0.100 0.200   2.820 3.020   1.500 1.700   2.650 2.950   0.950 BSC 1.900 BSC   0.300 0.600	In Millimeters In Inditivation   MIN MAX MIN   1.050 1.250 0.041   0.000 0.100 0.000   1.050 1.150 0.041   0.300 0.500 0.012   0.100 0.200 0.004   2.820 3.020 0.111   1.500 1.700 0.059   2.650 2.950 0.104   0.950 BSC 0.037 0.075   0.300 0.600 0.012	







# SC70-5





	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions		
Symbol			In Inches		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
A	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	0.900	1.000	0.035	0.039	
b	0.150	0.350	0.006	0.014	
С	0.080	0.150	0.003	0.006	
D	2.000	2.200	0.079	0.087	
E	1.150	1.350	0.045	0.053	
E1	2.150	2.450	0.085	0.096	
e	0.650TYP		0.026TYP		
e1	1.200	1.400	0.047	0.055	
L	0.525REF		0.021REF		
L1	0.260	0.460	0.010	0.018	
Ð	0°	8°	0°	8°	







# GS8744